An Initiative of Federal Emergency Management Agency Heritage Preservation and

Advisory Council on Historic Preservation

American Association of Museums

American Association for State and Local History

American Institute of Architects American Institute for

American Institute for Conservation of Historic and Artistic Works

American Library Association Association of African American Museums

Association of Art Museum Directors

Association for Preservation Technology International

Association of Regional Conservation Centers

Council on Library and Information Resources

Council of State Archivists

Department of the Army General Services Administration,

Public Buildings Service
The Getty Conservation Institute
Institute of Museum and Library

Services International Association of

Emergency Managers

Library of Congress National Archives and Records

Administration National Association of Government Archives and

Records Administrators National Association of Tribal

Historic Preservation Officers National Conference of State

National Emergency

Management Association National Endowment for the Arts

National Endowment for the

National Historical Publications and Records Commission

National Park Service

National Science Foundation

National Trust for Historic

Regional Alliance for Preservation

Small Business Administration Smithsonian Institution

Society of American Archivists

Society of Architectural Historians

The Society for Historical Archaeology

Society for the Preservation of Natural History Collections

US/International Council on Monuments and Sites

World Monuments Fund

Save Your Treasures the Right Way

If you're careful, you can halt further damage



Hurricanes and floods threaten not only homes, but treasured possessions: family heirlooms, photos, and other keepsakes. Even if they are completely soaked, they can probably still be saved if they are not contaminated with sewage or chemicals. The Heritage Emergency National Task Force, a coalition of 40 national organizations and federal agencies including FEMA, offers these basic guidelines:

- ✓ **Safety first!** With any disaster there may be health risks. Wear long sleeves, sturdy shoes, and plastic or rubber gloves during cleanup. Protective gear such as goggles and a fitted face mask is recommended if there is mold.
- ✓ **Prevent Mold.** Mold can form within 48 hours so you will need to work fast. The goal is to reduce the humidity and temperature around your treasures as you proceed to clean and dry them.
- ✓ **Air-Dry.** Gentle air-drying is best for all your treasured belongings—indoors, if possible. Do *not* use hair dryers, irons, ovens, and prolonged exposure to sunlight—they will do irreversible damage. Increase good indoor airflow with fans, open windows, air conditioners, and dehumidifiers.
- ✓ **Handle with care.** Use great caution in handling your heirlooms, which can be especially fragile when wet. Separate damp materials: remove the contents from drawers; take photographs out of damp albums; remove paintings and prints from frames; place white paper towels between the pages of wet books.
- ✓ **Clean gently.** Loosen dirt and debris on fragile objects gently with soft brushes and cloths. Avoid rubbing, which can grind in dirt.
- ✓ **Salvage photos.** Clean photographs by rinsing them carefully in clean water. Air-dry photos on a plastic screen or paper towel, or by hanging them by the corner with plastic clothespins. Do *not* let the image come into contact with other surfaces as it dries.
- ✓ **Prioritize.** You may not be able to save everything, so focus on what's most important to you, whether for historic, monetary or sentimental reasons.
- ✓ Can't Do It All? Damp objects and items that cannot be dealt with immediately should be put in open, unsealed boxes or bags. Photos, papers, books, and textiles should be frozen if you can't get them dry within 48 hours.
- ✓ **Call in a Pro.** If a precious item is badly damaged, a conservator may be able to help. Be sure to collect broken pieces. Set your treasure aside in a well-ventilated room until you find professional help. To locate a conservator, contact the Guide to Conservation Services, American Institute for Conservation, (202) 452-9545, http://aic.stanford.edu.

These recommendations are intended as guidance only. Neither the Heritage Emergency National Task Force nor its sponsors, Heritage Preservation and FEMA, assume responsibility or liability for treatment of damaged objects.

For reliable online information and links to professional conservation resources, see www.heritagepreservation.org.